

Thomas paine the age of reason

Thomas Paine's "The Age of Reason": A Revolutionary Text for a Revolutionary Time

Thomas Paine's "The Age of Reason," a seminal work of the Enlightenment, wasn't just a critique of organized religion; it was a powerful manifesto for reason, individual conscience, and a secular worldview. Published in three parts during a tumultuous period in history, this book ignited controversy and continues to resonate with readers today, sparking debates about the role of faith, the pursuit of knowledge, and the very nature of human understanding. This delves deep into the text, its impact, and its enduring relevance.

A Historical Context: The Birth of Reason

The late 18th century was a period of profound societal upheaval. The American Revolution, with its ideals of liberty and self-governance, was underway. European society was grappling with the limitations of traditional institutions, including the church. Paine, a fervent believer in republicanism and human rights, saw religion as a significant obstacle to progress. His "The Age of Reason" positioned itself directly against the established religious orthodoxy of the time, offering a radical alternative. Paine's critique wasn't merely a rejection of organized religion; it was a call for individuals to critically examine their faith, to engage in rational inquiry, and to embrace empirical evidence over dogma. This emphasis on reason was a defining characteristic of the Enlightenment, a philosophical movement advocating for the power of human reason to understand the world.

The Core Arguments of "The Age of Reason"

Paine's core arguments, articulated with both force and clarity, revolved around several key concepts:

- **Deism:** Paine wasn't an atheist; he was a deist. This belief system posits a creator God who established the natural laws governing the universe but does not intervene in human affairs. This concept fundamentally challenged the prevailing religious doctrines that emphasized divine intervention and miracles. This is a crucial distinction to understand Paine's work.
- The Bible as a flawed document: Paine subjected the Bible to intense scrutiny, arguing that its inconsistencies, contradictions, and historical inaccuracies rendered it an unreliable source of religious truth. He challenged the supernatural elements and miraculous stories, advocating instead for interpreting scripture through the lens of reason.
- *The Importance of Reason and Natural Revelation:* Paine stressed the ability of human reason to discern truth, arguing that God's existence and nature could be understood through observation of the natural world, rather than solely through religious texts. This "natural revelation" offered a different path to understanding the divine.
- The Dangers of Organized Religion: He sharply criticized established churches, arguing that their hierarchical structures and doctrines often stifled individual conscience and promoted superstition. He saw the institutionalized practice of religion as a barrier to progress and enlightenment.

The Impact and Legacy of "The Age of Reason"

The publication of "The Age of Reason" was met with immediate and significant backlash. Paine faced intense criticism from religious leaders and institutions, and his reputation suffered considerably. The book was even banned in some places. Yet, the very act of publishing such a controversial text signaled a shift in the social and intellectual landscape.

- **The Rise of Secularism:** Paine's work undoubtedly contributed to the rise of secularism, encouraging a growing segment of the population to question the authority of religious institutions. This movement paved the way for the separation of church and state, a fundamental principle in many modern democracies.
- **The Promotion of Individual Liberty:** By emphasizing reason and individual conscience, Paine furthered the cause of individual liberty. His writings served as an inspiration to those seeking to emancipate themselves from religious dogma and oppressive structures.

Case Studies: Echoes of Paine's Ideas

The influence of "The Age of Reason" is not confined to the 18th century. Its ideas reverberate through history:

- **The American Revolution:** The ideals of reason and self-governance championed by Paine in his revolutionary pamphlets laid the groundwork for the American Revolution. He used rational argument to mobilize public opinion and rally support for the cause.
- **The French Revolution:** Paine's ideas influenced the French Revolution, though with differing interpretations. While similar in its emphasis on reason, the French Revolution took a more radical turn, raising questions about the ultimate limits of human reason in governance.
- **Modern Scientific Inquiry:** The emphasis on empirical observation and rational inquiry advocated by Paine profoundly shaped modern scientific thought. This emphasis on evidence-based conclusions is vital to the scientific method.

Beyond the Text: Examining the Methods

Paine's writing style was remarkably impactful, employing clear and accessible prose to engage a broad audience. He understood the power of language to disseminate ideas and inspire change. His persuasive arguments were not purely theoretical; they were grounded in observations and practical implications.

Table: Key Themes in "The Age of Reason"

Theme Description Example Deism Belief in a creator God who does not intervene in human affairs "The universe is governed by natural law." Critique of Organized Religion Criticism of established institutions and doctrines "Ecclesiastical establishments are often corrupt." Importance of Reason Emphasis on human reason and observation "The Bible should be judged by reason." Natural Revelation Belief that truth can be discovered through nature "The beauty of the natural world reveals the divine."
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5 Frequently Asked Questions About "The Age of Reason"

1. **Q: Was Thomas Paine an atheist?** A: No, Paine was a deist. He believed in a creator God, but one who does not intervene in human affairs.
2. **Q: What was the immediate reaction to "The Age of Reason"?** A: The reaction was largely negative, with intense criticism from religious leaders and institutions. Paine faced significant backlash and his reputation suffered.
3. **Q: How does "The Age of Reason" relate to the Enlightenment?** A: The book epitomizes the Enlightenment's emphasis on

reason, individual liberty, and the rejection of dogma in favor of empirical evidence. 4. **Q: What is the lasting significance of Paine's work today?** A: It remains relevant in discussions about the separation of church and state, the role of reason in society, and the balance between faith and knowledge. 5. **Q: How did Paine's ideas influence subsequent political and social movements?** A: Paine's ideas about individual rights and government accountability profoundly influenced the American and French Revolutions and continue to resonate in modern political discourse.

Conclusion: A Testament to the Power of Reason

Thomas Paine's "The Age of Reason" remains a powerful testament to the enduring power of reason in a world often grappling with complex and conflicting beliefs. While the specific arguments of the text may be interpreted differently today, the underlying values—the pursuit of truth through critical thinking, the defense of individual liberty, and the potential of reason to drive societal progress—continue to inspire reflection and discussion. His legacy reminds us of the critical importance of intellectual freedom and the continuous examination of established truths. This engagement is essential for a truly enlightened society.

Thomas Paine: The Age of Reason and a Revolution of Thought

Thomas Paine. The name itself conjures images of revolutionary fervor, impassioned pamphlets, and a tireless advocate for liberty. While his electrifying calls to action in "Common Sense" and "The American Crisis" cemented his place in American history, it's his later, and perhaps more controversial, work, "The Age of Reason," that truly encapsulates Paine's relentless pursuit of intellectual freedom and his profound skepticism towards established religious dogma. This wasn't just a book; it was a seismic shift in how many viewed faith, reason, and the very fabric of society. For those unfamiliar with the man or his works, imagine a world where unquestioning faith in inherited traditions and religious texts was the norm. Then, imagine a voice, clear and resonant, emerging from the throng, asking not to be believed, but to be reasoned with. That was Thomas Paine. He wasn't out to destroy faith, as some critics vehemently claimed, but rather to liberate it from what he perceived as the shackles of superstition, blind adherence, and institutional manipulation. "The Age of Reason" stands as a testament to this noble, albeit challenging, endeavor.

The Man Behind the Manifesto: A Brief Glimpse at Thomas Paine

Before we delve deep into "The Age of Reason," it's essential to understand the character of its author. Thomas Paine was an Englishman by birth, a corset-maker by trade, and a revolutionary by spirit. He arrived in America in 1774, armed with little more than his intellect and a burning desire for change. His timing was impeccable. The American colonies were simmering with discontent, and Paine's accessible, powerful prose ignited the flames of rebellion. He penned "Common Sense," a pamphlet that became an instant bestseller, galvanizing support for independence with an urgency that resonated across the colonies. Following the American Revolution, Paine's revolutionary fire didn't extinguish. He journeyed to France, where he became deeply involved in the French Revolution, drafting a constitution and advocating for human rights. It was during his tumultuous years in Europe, witnessing the power and sometimes the abuses of religious institutions, that his

critical examination of faith and reason intensified, leading to the creation of "The Age of Reason."

Deconstructing "The Age of Reason": A Call for Rational Inquiry

Published in three parts between 1794 and 1807, "The Age of Reason" wasn't a sudden outburst but a meticulously crafted argument. At its core, the work champions Deism, a philosophical belief system that posits the existence of a creator God based on reason and observation of the natural world, rather than on divine revelation or religious dogma. Paine, a fervent Deist himself, argued that the universe, with its intricate laws and observable order, was the most profound and irrefutable testament to a divine architect.

The Bible and Other Sacred Texts: Under the Microscope

One of the most contentious aspects of "The Age of Reason" is Paine's direct critique of the Bible and other religious texts. He subjected these scriptures to what he called "historical criticism," essentially applying logical and factual scrutiny to their narratives. Paine argued that the stories within the Bible, when examined with a rational mind, contained contradictions, historical inaccuracies, and moral inconsistencies. He questioned the divinity of Jesus, not out of animosity, but because he couldn't reconcile the miraculous claims with the empirical evidence he valued. Paine wasn't the first to question biblical literalism, but his direct, no-holds-barred approach, delivered in his characteristic plain language, shocked many. He systematically dissected passages, highlighting what he saw as absurdities and human inventions rather than divine pronouncements. He believed that religious leaders, throughout history, had manipulated scripture to gain power and control over the populace, a theme that echoes through his broader political writings.

Reason as the Ultimate Arbiter: The Guiding Light

For Paine, "reason" was not merely a tool for logical deduction; it was the divine gift that separated humanity from the animal kingdom and the key to understanding both the natural world and moral principles. He believed that God had endowed humans with the capacity for reason, and therefore, it was our duty to use it. He argued that true worship of God involved understanding His creation through scientific observation and rational thought, not by blindly accepting pronouncements from ancient texts or pronouncements from religious authorities. This emphasis on reason was revolutionary in an era where faith was often presented as a virtue superior to intellectual inquiry. Paine proposed a religion of nature, where the study of the stars, the seasons, and the biological world revealed God's handiwork far more eloquently than any sermon. He saw the universe as a living, breathing book, accessible to all who cared to observe and understand. This concept of a "natural religion" was a cornerstone of Enlightenment thought, and Paine was one of its most vocal proponents.

The Problem of Revealed Religion: A Critic's Perspective

Paine's critique of "revealed religion" - religions that claim to have received their doctrines directly from God through prophets or sacred texts - was multifaceted. He found the concept of divine revelation inherently problematic because it relied on the testimony of individuals whose accounts were often unverified and subject to interpretation and distortion over time. He argued that if God were to reveal himself, the revelation should be universal, clear, and accessible to all, not confined to specific groups or historical periods. He also took issue with the exclusivity claims of many religions, which often declared their own path as the only true way to salvation and condemned all others. Paine, with his belief in a benevolent and universal God, found this notion abhorrent. He championed

religious tolerance and the idea that different paths could lead to understanding and spiritual fulfillment, as long as they were guided by reason and morality.

The Reception and Legacy of "The Age of Reason"

The publication of "The Age of Reason" was met with a firestorm of controversy. Paine was branded an atheist, an infidel, and a dangerous radical. His reputation, once lauded for his revolutionary zeal, suffered immensely, particularly in America, where religious sentiment ran deep. Many former admirers distanced themselves from him, and his writings were condemned by religious leaders and conservative thinkers alike. Despite the vitriol, "The Age of Reason" found a receptive audience among those who were already questioning traditional religious authority or were influenced by Enlightenment ideals. It resonated with freethinkers, intellectuals, and those who advocated for individual liberty and critical thinking. While it may not have directly caused a mass exodus from established churches, it undoubtedly contributed to the growing secularization of thought and the rise of rationalism in the modern world.

Impact on the Enlightenment and Beyond

"The Age of Reason" is an indispensable text for understanding the Enlightenment and its enduring impact. Paine, along with other thinkers of the era, championed reason, skepticism, and individual autonomy, directly challenging the divine right of kings and the unquestioned authority of religious institutions. His work emboldened others to question, to analyze, and to form their own conclusions, paving the way for greater intellectual and social progress. His emphasis on the inherent rights of man, coupled with his critique of oppressive structures, whether political or religious, continued to inspire reform movements for centuries. The spirit of "The Age of Reason" – the belief in the power of human intellect to discern truth and to challenge dogma – remains a vital force in contemporary discussions about faith, science, and individual freedom.

Modern Relevance: Why Paine Still Matters

In a world still grappling with religious extremism, sectarian conflict, and the tension between faith and science, Thomas Paine's "The Age of Reason" offers a refreshing and vital perspective. It reminds us that questioning is not a sin, but a necessary component of intellectual growth. It urges us to look for evidence, to apply logic, and to trust our own capacity for understanding. Paine's advocacy for a religion of nature, where the wonders of the cosmos serve as our scripture, is perhaps more relevant today than ever. As we delve deeper into the mysteries of the universe through scientific exploration, the awe-inspiring complexity and beauty we uncover can indeed serve as a profound source of wonder and a testament to an intelligent design, without the need for supernatural intervention or the pronouncements of ancient texts. "The Age of Reason" isn't a call to abandon all notions of the divine, but a powerful plea to approach them with an open, critical, and most importantly, a rational mind. It's an invitation to participate in a grand intellectual adventure, where reason is our compass, and the pursuit of truth, in all its forms, is our ultimate guide. Thomas Paine, through this enduring work, continues to challenge us to think for ourselves, to question the unquestionable, and to embrace the liberating power of reason. His legacy is not just in the revolutions he helped spark, but in the revolutions of thought he continues to inspire.

Thomas Paine's *The Age of Reason* stands as a bold and transformative work in the landscape of Enlightenment thought, a powerful articulation of rationalism, skepticism, and religious critique. Written in two parts—"Age of Reason" (1790–1793) and "The Age of Reason: Being an Examination of

the Evidences of Christianity”—the text reflects Paine’s unwavering commitment to reason as the ultimate guide for understanding truth and morality. At a time when religious dogma dominated public life, Paine dared to challenge established beliefs, advocating instead for a deist worldview grounded in logic and empirical observation. His voice cut through the intellectual stagnation of his era, offering a radical reimagining of faith that emphasized personal conscience over institutional authority.

A Radical Departure from Orthodoxy

Paine’s *The Age of Reason* emerged from a deep dissatisfaction with the contradictions and superstitions he perceived in organized religion, especially Christianity. Rejecting the divine origins of scripture, he argued that religious texts should be examined through the lens of critical reasoning rather than accepted as infallible dogma. This philosophical stance was revolutionary in the late 18th century, a period still heavily influenced by religious orthodoxy. Paine’s deism embraced a distant, non-intervening God, rejecting miracles and supernatural interventions as incompatible with rational inquiry. His insistence on religious tolerance and the moral core of faith—love, justice, and compassion—resonated with Enlightenment ideals, positioning him as a key figure in the broader movement toward secular humanism.

Within the historical context, *The Age of Reason* served as both a manifesto and a challenge. Paine’s writings inspired generations of thinkers, writers, and reformers who sought to separate reason from revelation and individual conscience from institutional control. His work laid intellectual groundwork for later movements in education, civil rights, and scientific inquiry, emphasizing that truth should emerge from disciplined thought, not inherited belief. Though controversial and often vilified in his time, Paine’s courage in confronting religious authority helped pave the way for modern secular discourse. His legacy endures as a testament to the power of critical thinking in shaping society.

Practical Applications and Lasting Benefits

The practical implications of Paine's reasoning extend far beyond theological debate. His emphasis on rational inquiry encourages individuals to question assumptions and engage actively with moral and philosophical issues. In education, *The Age of Reason* promotes the development of critical thinking skills, urging learners to analyze ideas rather than accept them uncritically. In public life, Paine's approach fosters a culture of open dialogue and intellectual freedom, where diverse viewpoints can coexist under the shared pursuit of truth. His advocacy for religious tolerance and individual conscience supports pluralistic societies where people of differing beliefs can find common ground. Moreover, by challenging blind faith, Paine's work empowers people to build ethical systems grounded in human dignity and shared reason, rather than dogma.

Looking Ahead: The Enduring Relevance of *The Age of Reason*

As the world grapples with misinformation, ideological polarization, and the tension between tradition and progress, Thomas Paine's *The Age of Reason* remains profoundly relevant. In an age where access to information outpaces our ability to discern truth, Paine's call for intellectual honesty and rational scrutiny offers a vital compass. His vision of a society guided by reason rather than fear continues to inspire reformers, educators, and citizens committed to truth and justice. The enduring power of his ideas lies in their ability to challenge complacency, provoke reflection, and encourage a deeper engagement with the moral questions that shape human life. As we face complex global challenges, revisiting Paine's work reminds us that reason, when applied with courage and

compassion, remains one of humanity's most potent tools for progress.

Thomas Paine's *The Age of Reason*: A Radical Challenge to Faith and the Dawn of Modern Deism

In the turbulent landscape of late 18th-century Europe and America, a profound intellectual and spiritual upheaval was brewing. Amidst revolutions and the burgeoning Enlightenment, one voice, amplified by the power of the printed word, dared to question the very foundations of organized religion: Thomas Paine. His controversial treatise, *The Age of Reason*, published in three parts between 1794 and 1803, was not merely a critique; it was a revolutionary manifesto for a new way of understanding God, humanity, and the universe. This seminal work, though fiercely debated and widely condemned, laid bare the intellectual currents of its time and profoundly influenced the trajectory of religious thought, secularism, and the pursuit of knowledge.

Paine, already a celebrated figure for his incendiary pamphlets *Common Sense* and *The American Crisis*, turned his formidable intellect and biting prose to the doctrines of Christianity. *The Age of Reason*, subtitled "Being an Investigation of True and Fabulous Theology," sought to dismantle the edifice of supernatural revelation, scriptural infallibility, and priestly authority that had dominated Western thought for centuries. It was a call to arms for reason, observation, and empirical evidence as the primary tools for discerning truth, even in matters of faith.

The Genesis of a Revolutionary Idea: Paine's Intellectual Milieu
To understand the impact of *The Age of Reason*, one must grasp

the intellectual climate in which it emerged. The Enlightenment, with its emphasis on human reason, scientific inquiry, and individual liberty, had already sown seeds of doubt about traditional religious dogma. Thinkers like Voltaire, David Hume, and John Locke had paved the way for a more critical examination of religious claims. However, Paine's approach was arguably more direct and accessible, resonating with a broader audience than the more academic treatises of his predecessors. His commitment to republicanism and the rights of man, evident in his earlier works, bled into his theological arguments. For Paine, freedom of thought was indivisible - intellectual liberation was as crucial as political emancipation.

The French Revolution, a period of radical social and political change, also played a significant role. Paine, deeply involved in the revolutionary fervor, witnessed firsthand the power of de-Christianization movements and the dismantling of established religious institutions. While he was never an atheist - his belief in a creator God remained steadfast - he vehemently opposed the institutionalized power and perceived corruption of churches. *The Age of Reason* can be seen as a direct response to the perceived excesses and hypocrisies of religious authority, a plea for a more rational and humane spirituality.

Deconstructing Revelation: The Core Arguments of "The Age of Reason"

At the heart of Paine's critique lay his rejection of revealed religion. He argued that divine revelation, as transmitted through scriptures like the Bible and the Quran, was inherently unreliable and riddled with contradictions. He subjected biblical narratives to a rigorous, almost journalistic, scrutiny, highlighting historical inaccuracies, scientific implausibility, and moral inconsistencies. His analysis was not driven by malice, but by a fervent desire to expose what he perceived as

human fabrications masquerading as divine truth. He famously stated, "The morality of the Christian religion is in this respect unnatural: that it preaches the love of God and the love of man; but how can man love God, whom he never saw, and not love man, whom he daily sees?"

Paine systematically dismantled the concept of biblical infallibility. He pointed out that the scriptures themselves were products of human authorship, compiled and edited over centuries, and often subject to political and social influences. He challenged the notion of miracles, arguing that they violated the natural laws established by a rational God. For Paine, the universe itself, with its observable order and majestic complexity, was the ultimate testament to divine power, a "book of creation" far more credible than any collection of ancient texts. This concept of **natural theology**** became a cornerstone of his argument, emphasizing that God's presence could be apprehended through reason and observation of the natural world, rather than through dogma and blind faith.**

Deism: A Rational Faith for a New Era

In place of traditional theology, Paine championed Deism. Deism, which flourished during the Enlightenment, posited the existence of a creator God who set the universe in motion but did not intervene in human affairs. Deists believed in a God of reason and order, accessible through the study of nature and the application of human intellect. Paine's Deism was characterized by its profound optimism in human reason and its emphasis on ethical conduct as the true expression of religious devotion. He believed that a person could be a "true believer" by living a virtuous life, cultivating reason, and acting with kindness and justice towards fellow humans, without adhering to any specific creed or ritual.

Paine proposed a universal religion based on simple principles: a belief in one God, the immortality of the soul, and the ultimate accountability for one's actions. He advocated for congregational worship, not for the purpose of reciting dogma, but for mutual encouragement in the pursuit of truth and virtue. His vision was inclusive, transcending the sectarian divisions that plagued Christendom. He envisioned a society where individuals were free to explore their beliefs without fear of persecution, a society guided by reason and compassion. The influence of **secular humanism**** can be seen as an indirect outgrowth of this Deistic emphasis on human capacity and ethical living.**

Reception and Controversy: A Firestorm of Indignation

Unsurprisingly, *The Age of Reason* ignited a firestorm of controversy. The established clergy, deeply threatened by Paine's direct assault on their authority and teachings, condemned him as an infidel, a heretic, and a dangerous radical. He was denounced from pulpits across Britain and America, and his books were often burned publicly. In Britain, he was tried in absentia for seditious libel and outlawed. In America, while he was not formally prosecuted, his reputation suffered immensely. Many of his former supporters, including prominent figures like George Washington, distanced themselves from him, fearing the potential social and political ramifications of his anti-religious sentiments.

However, *The Age of Reason* also found fervent supporters among those who had grown disillusioned with organized religion or who embraced the ideals of the Enlightenment. It resonated with intellectuals, reformers, and ordinary individuals seeking intellectual and spiritual freedom. The book's accessibility and Paine's plainspoken style ensured its wide dissemination, making complex philosophical ideas available to

a much broader public. Despite the condemnation, the book's impact was undeniable, contributing significantly to the growth of ****skepticism**** and the development of ****freethought**** movements.

Legacy and Enduring Relevance: Beyond the Historiography

The legacy of *The Age of Reason* is complex and multifaceted. It stands as a powerful testament to the courage of intellectual conviction and the enduring human quest for truth. Paine's insistence on reason and empirical evidence as the arbiters of truth, even in matters of faith, laid crucial groundwork for the secularization of public life and the advancement of scientific inquiry. His critique of religious dogma, while often sharp, was ultimately rooted in a deep concern for human well-being and the promotion of a more just and rational society.

In an era still grappling with the relationship between science and religion, faith and reason, and the role of religious institutions in public life, Paine's arguments continue to resonate. His emphasis on a universal morality derived from reason and compassion, rather than from divine commandment, offers a powerful framework for interfaith dialogue and the search for common ethical ground. While the specific theological debates may have evolved, the fundamental questions Paine posed about the nature of belief, the authority of scripture, and the compatibility of faith with reason remain as relevant as ever.

The Age of Reason was more than just a book; it was an intellectual turning point. It challenged a centuries-old paradigm, emboldened a generation of free thinkers, and irrevocably altered the landscape of religious and philosophical discourse. Thomas Paine, the radical pamphleteer, had, with this profound work, ushered in an age where reason was not just

a tool, but the very beacon of human understanding, illuminating the path towards a more rational and enlightened future.

Keywords: Thomas Paine, The Age of Reason, Deism, Enlightenment, reason, faith, religion, skepticism, freethought, natural theology, secularism, revealed religion, biblical critique, Thomas Paine's arguments, impact of The Age of Reason, legacy of Thomas Paine, 18th-century thought, rationalism, humanism.

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Questions & Answers About thomas paine the age of reason

No	Question	Answer
1	What's the core argument Thomas Paine makes in 'The Age of Reason'?	Paine's central argument is that reason, not religious dogma or revelation, is the ultimate authority for understanding God and morality. He critiques organized religion, particularly Christianity, for relying on superstition and unfounded claims, advocating instead for a deistic belief in a creator based on observable nature.
2	Why was 'The Age of Reason' so controversial when it was published?	The book was highly controversial because it directly challenged the divine authority and established doctrines of dominant Christian churches. Paine's questioning of biblical miracles, the divinity of Jesus, and the idea of a chosen people was seen as blasphemous and a threat to social order by many in his time.
3	What impact did 'The Age of Reason' have on religious thought in America and Europe?	The book significantly fueled the deist movement and fostered a climate of religious skepticism. It encouraged critical thinking about faith and contributed to the secularization of public discourse. While condemned by many, it also resonated with those who sought a more rational and philosophical approach to religion.
4	How does Paine's view of God differ from traditional religious beliefs discussed in 'The Age of Reason'?	Paine, as a deist, believed in a God who created the universe and its natural laws but does not intervene in human affairs or offer divine revelations. This contrasts with traditional religions that posit a personal God who communicates through scripture, miracles, and prophets.
5	Is 'The Age of Reason' an argument against God, or against organized religion?	Paine's 'The Age of Reason' is primarily an argument against organized religion and its claims to divine truth. He strongly believed in God as the creator of the universe, but vehemently opposed religious institutions, scriptures, and doctrines that he viewed as fabricated and irrational.

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